puppet-diamond Documentation

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Puppet-Diamond

Puppet-Diamond is framework for creating and managing an IT Enterprise consisting of many Linux servers.

Overview

Automate the administration of your servers using Puppet and Vagrant. Puppet-Diamond provides a standardized installation of Ubuntu Linux, which can be configured and deployed to create almost any enterprise IT topology. The Puppet-Diamond framework is used to create a host capable of running Flask-Diamond applications.

Installation

pip install Puppet-Diamond

Documentation

http://puppet-diamond.readthedocs.org

Introduction

Quick Start

Installation

There are three steps to installing Puppet-Diamond:

- 1. Install the Puppet-Diamond software
- 2. Create a global Puppet-Diamond configuration
- 3. Initialize a directory that stores the Puppet Master configuration

```
mkvirtualenv puppet-diamond
pip install Puppet-Diamond
domo-new.sh puppet-diamond
domo-new.sh puppetmaster
```

Basic Usage

- 1. sync the local config to the puppet master
- 2. test the config
- 3. apply the config

```
domo-sync.sh
domo-test.sh host1.example.com
domo-apply.sh host1.example.com
```

Creating new assets

Follow the setup procedure described in the relevant projecs:

- 1. Creating a Profile
- 2. Provisioning a Host
- 3. Creating a Puppet Module
- 4. Creating a Flask-Diamond Module

System Requirements

Puppet-Diamond requires some software to be installed in order to function. Once you have installed these requirements, you can follow the *Quick Start* to start your first project. The following packages should be installed globally, as the superuser, for all users on the system to access.

- Python 2.7.x.
- Python development libraries (i.e. header files for compiling C code)
- pip
- virtualenv
- virtualenvwrapper

The following sections describe the process for installing these requirements on various systems. In each of the following examples, it is assumed you will be using a root account (or some other privileged account).

If you do not have root access, then refer to the section *Unprivileged Installation* for information about creating a virtualenv in your user account.

Debian/Ubuntu

Puppet-Diamond installs cleanly on Debian and Ubuntu systems released after 2011.

```
apt-get install python python-dev python-pip build-essential
apt-get install sqlite-dev
pip install --upgrade pip
pip install --upgrade virtualenv
pip install virtualenvwrapper
```

Redhat

Puppet-Diamond can be installed on RedHat, but ensure your package manager is installing Python 2.7; as of August 2015, RHEL provides an older version.

```
yum install python python-devel python-pip
yum install sqlite-devel
pip install --upgrade pip
pip install --upgrade virtualenv
pip install virtualenvwrapper
```

OSX with Homebrew

Puppet-Diamond installs pretty easily on OSX with Homebrew. Make sure you are using the *admin* user for this process, just like a normal Homebrew operation.

```
brew install python --universal --framework
brew install pyenv-virtualenv
brew install pyenv-virtualenvwrapper
brew install sqlite
pip install --upgrade pip
```

Windows with Cygwin

Here are a few resources to get you started:

- http://www.pdxpixel.com/blog/setting-up-python-and-virtualenv-windows-cygwin/
- http://atbrox.com/2009/09/21/how-to-get-pipvirtualenvfabric-working-on-cygwin/
- http://anythingsimple.blogspot.ca/2010/04/using-pip-virtualenv-and.html
- http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2173963/how-do-i-get-virtualenvwrapper-and-cygwin-to-co-operate

Note: Have you done this install successfully? Let us know!

Unprivileged Installation

Sometimes, you do not have root access to the system. It is still possible to use Puppet-Diamond, but the installation process is slightly different because it does not use virtualenvwrapper. Instead, you will create your virtualenv directly and use the *activate* macro to work on it.

```
curl -O https://raw.github.com/pypa/virtualenv/master/virtualenv.py
python virtualenv.py my-diamond-app
. my-diamond-app/bin/activate
pip install Puppet-Diamond
```

User Guide

Creating a Profile

A "profile" is a type of host with the configuration you specify.

There might be many hosts that implement the same profile. For example, you may have multiple application servers behind a load balancer. To implement such a setup, you would need two profiles: an application server profile and a load balancer profile.

A profile may be used to provision new hosts on any cloud:

- · a commercial host like Digital Ocean
- · locally using a KVM setup

Scaffold a Profile

The general form for creating a new profile looks like this

domo-new.sh profile \$PROFILE_TYPE

So to create a new profile called *application-server* that will be tailored for running applications:

```
domo-new.sh profile application-server
```

Next Steps

Once you have a profile, you need to create at least one host that uses the profile. See the following for more information about that.

Provisioning a Host

Provisioning a Host

When you need more computing resources, you must allocate them in a process called *provisioning*. This is the process of creating new hosts.

Overview

A new host is provisioned in two stages:

- 1. The virtual host is created using Vagrant
- 2. The newly created host is configured using Puppet

Cloud Providers

The virtual host may be created using any provider that Vagrant is capable of interfacing with. Digital Ocean is provided as part of Puppet-Diamond. However, Linux KVM, Xen, and Amazon EC2 have been shown to work with Puppet-Diamond too.

Digital Ocean

Scaffold a new configuration

```
export HOSTNAME=host1
domo-new.sh digitalocean-host $HOSTNAME
domo-sync.sh
```

Create the host

```
cd $PD_PATH/$PD_MASTER/hosts/$HOSTNAME
get_puppet_certs.py $HOSTNAME
generate_sshd_keys.sh
    vagrant up --provider=digital_ocean
```

DNS

Create an A record with this IP in the DNS control on Digital Ocean. Go to domains list and click to view all PTR records. Click **add record** and then add A record. Finally, paste the IP address and hostname.

Linux KVM

It is also possible to run your own virtual cloud with any moderately equipped Linux machine. Puppet-Diamond supports this, but the documentation is forthcoming.

First-run tasks

There are a few tasks that should be run each time a new host is provisioned.

set password for domo user

```
vagrant ssh
passwd domo
```

update packages

```
vagrant ssh
apt-get update
apt-get upgrade -y
reboot
```

run puppet one last time

domo-apply.sh \$HOSTNAME

Debugging

It may be necessary to debug the puppet master. In that case, try some of the following:

Try re-provisioning with puppet.

vagrant provision

See that the cert is really listed on the puppet master.

```
ssh $PD_PUPPETMASTER_SSH_HOST
puppet cert list --all
```

Restart the puppet master server.

```
ssh $PD_PUPPETMASTER_SSH_HOST
service puppetmaster restart
```

View the logs

```
ssh $PD_PUPPETMASTER_SSH_HOST
tail -f /var/log/syslog
```

Log on to the new node and poke around

vagrant ssh

Next Steps

Now that you have provisioned a host, you can create new modules to configure it for specific purposes. There are two main types of modules supported by Puppet-Diamond:

- Creating a Puppet Module
- Creating a Flask-Diamond Module

Creating a Puppet Module

A Puppet Module is used to control a server resource, like a daemon, an OS package, or hardware.

Puppet-Diamond environment

Enter the Puppet-Diamond virtual environment and import your configuration settings.

```
workon puppet-diamond
source ~/.puppet-diamond
```

Scaffold initial files

The first step is to scaffold a new module. The general form of the command is:

domo-new.sh diamond-module \${SERVICE_NAME}

The following example demonstrates creating a puppet module for Postfix.

domo-new.sh diamond-module postfix

Add to a host

Add the new module class to a profile, located in \${PD_PATH}/\${PD_MASTER}/profiles.

```
class {"postfix": ;}
```

Sync and Apply

Sync to the puppetmaster and apply the changes to the client.

```
domo-sync.sh
domo-test.sh ${PUPPET_HOST}.example.com
domo-apply.sh ${PUPPET_HOST}.example.com
```

Creating a Flask-Diamond Module

A Flask-Diamond Module will enable a Flask-Diamond application to be installed using Puppet-Diamond onto a host in your enterprise.

Puppet-Diamond environment

Enter the Puppet-Diamond virtual environment and import your configuration settings.

```
workon puppet-diamond
source ~/.puppet-diamond
```

Scaffold initial files

The first step is to scaffold a new module. The general form of the command is:

domo-new.sh diamond-module \${APPLICATION_NAME}

The following example demonstrates creating a diamond module for an application called my-diamond-app.

```
domo-new.sh diamond-module my-diamond-app
```

SSH deploy keys

Create application SSH deploy keys.

```
cd ${PD_PATH}/${PD_MASTER}/diamond/${APPLICATION_NAME}
ssh-keygen -t rsa -f files/ssh/id_rsa
open ${PD_GIT_WEB_URL}/${PD_GIT_GROUP}/${APPLICATION_NAME}/deploy_keys/new
pbcopy < files/ssh/id_rsa.pub</pre>
```

Add to a host

Add the new module class to a profile, located in \${PD_PATH}/\${PD_MASTER}/profiles.

```
class {"my-diamond-app": ; }
```

Sync and Apply

Sync to the puppetmaster and apply the changes to the client.

```
domo-sync.sh
domo-test.sh ${PUPPET_HOST}.example.com
domo-apply.sh ${PUPPET_HOST}.example.com
```

About

Puppet-Diamond License

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